#### CURRENT PERIODICALS.

In a paper entitled "Literary Anodynes," in the New Princeton Review for September, Andrew Lang protests against the lack of entertainment afforded by modern fiction. Novels, in his opinion, should be a sort of mental narcotic-one that brings forgetfulness of personal ills to the reader, but cheers rather than inebriates. He wants no theology served in this form, no philosophical essays, no realism more painful than reality, no tremendous social problems. In short, he does not want his soul harrowed by sorrows of which it has enough to consider at all other times, but he wants a tale to make him forget sorrow, forget problems metaphysical, religious, political or what not; he wants an anodyne. As to the charge that this is selfish, he says: "It seems to me that one might as rationally call the timely tendency to sleep at night unfeeling and selfish. Are not some fourteen hours a day enough wherein to fight with problems, and worry about faiths, and rend one's heart with futile pities and powerless indignations? Leave me an hour in the day, not to work in, or ponder in, or sorrow in, but to dream in, or to wander in, the dreams of others. Into these dreams, printed and bound, let as little of truth come as may be; let me forget the sweating system, and the European situation, and party government, and a phantom fleet, and a stunted army. Let me forget that 'miracles do not happen;' earry me where they do happen. Let me forget that no-body marries his true-love; bear me to that enchanted realm where, as the ballad says:

Oh, ye may keep your lands and towers, Ye have that lady in your bowers; And ye may keep your very life, Ye have that lady for your wife.

"Weary me no more for this hour with your shades of theological opinion; let me be happy with that god of the old French tale, that 'god who loveth lovers."

Mr. Lang's theory, which he elaborates much further, will doubtless meet with the approval of the majority of novel readers, and should be read by novel writers.

A short story, in the same magazine, by Ruth McEnery Stuart, entitled "Camelia Ricardo," might be used as an illustration of Lang's theory, since it is at once entertaining and of cheerful ending. It is a tale of low life in New Orleans, and is in "dialect," but as it is the "dago" dialect, and comparatively new to the magazine public, this statement is less prejudicial than might otherwise be the case.

Other contributions to this issue of Princeton are "The New Psychology," by J. H. Hyslop;
"Irish Home Rule and Ite Analogies," by Edward A. Freeman; "The Knights of Labor," by Francis A. Walker: "An Old Master," by wh s meant Adam Smith, the Scotch political economist and academic lecturer, by Woodrow Wilson; "Pessimism and Recent Victorian Poetry," by Henry F. Randolph, and "The American School of Art," by J. Durand.

"Outing" has the peculiar advantage of affording enjoyment both to those who are spending their leisure among the woods and mountains, or upon the water, and to the less fortunate, who can enter into such pleasures through the imagination. The September issue has an unusually varied table of contents. Among the contributions is one on "Upland Shooting," another on cricketing, another on "Racing at Southern Fairs," another on "Base Fishing in Canadian Waters." An illustrated article is "An Irish Outing, a Wheel;" Henry Chadwick writes of "Base ball in the South;" Graham Clayter of "Fox-bunting Under Difficulties;" Capt. R. T. Coffin of Memories of Yacht Cruises, and Ellerslie Wallace on "How to Prepare for a Photographic Outing."

Current Literature is the periodical which, as before announced, contains selections from magazines, newspapers, or whatever may contain the work of the best writers of the day. It is for the benefit of that class of persons which desires some knowledge of the world's thought, and yet has not leisure or opportunity for ex-tended reading. The September issue, the third in number, shows a decided improvement upon the first. The selections are made with care and judgment, and their variety indicates the great number of publications which have been examined. It contains ninety pages of matter both instructive and entertaining, and is a mine of literature. At the subscription price of \$2.50 per year, no subscriber can complain that he does not get his money's worth.

The Home-Maker is the title of a monthly magazine soon to be issued. It will be edited by Marion Harland, with the assistance of Christine Terbune Herrick and Grace Peckham, M. D. The purpose is clearly indicated in the title, and the publishers declare their conviction that the field they seek to occupy has not been fully occupied by any or all of the household periodicals already before the public. The prospectus promises many attractive features. The new magazine will contain 120 pages, and will sell at 20 cents a number, or at a yearly subscription

The artistic head and tail pieces and initial letters which form a feature of the English Illustrated Magazine, always worth a study, are especially noticeable in the September number. Henry James, whose recent novelettes are of a much more popular character than his longer stories, gives the concluding chapter of a twopart story called "The Patogonia." It is a curious study of a case of "love at first sight," and ends disastrously to the too-susceptible young woman. An illustrated article descriptive of Hampton Court is interesting.

Contributors to the September Writer treat of the following subjects: "Newspaper Social Personals," "The Story of Rejected Manuscript," "Does Literature Pay," "New York Newspapers," and "The Rules of Criticism." This magazine, with its answers to correspondents, its editorial hints and suggestions, and its very practical character in every respect, must soon make itself indispensable to literary workers, particularly those of little experience, when they are once acquainted with its merits.

The Marietta, O., Centennial affords Mrs. Martha J. Lamb the subject for a paper, on the "Foundation of Civil Government beyond the Ohio River," which she presents in the current number of the magazine of American History. A portrait of Arthur St. Clair, first Governor of the Northwest Territory, accompanies the article. Lieutenant-governor Kobertson, of Indiana, contributes a paper to this number on The Constitution and Ordinance of 1787, and their relation to Education."

The most notable contribution to the September Wide-awake is an account by Horatio O. Ladd, of the Raymond Indian girls' school at Santa Fe. N. M. This school is devoted especially to the education of the Apache girls of the Southwest, and is named in honor of Helen Hunt and of her book "Ramona." The illustrations, from photographs, are worth a study.

Good Housekeeping improves continually in literary quality, and presumably in usefulness. Faw domestic and culinary topics but are discussed in its columns, and as they are treated of by women of talent and experience it is reasonable to assume that readers find the discussions profitable. Clark W. Bryan & Co., publishers, Springfield, Mass.

Table Talk (Philadelphia) contains a great amount of household and culinary information. and has also some attractive literary features. Mrs. Rorer, the teacher of cooking, who superintends the domestic department of the maga-sine, contributes to the September issue a varisty of directions for preserving peaches and other fruits.

Young Hearts is the title of a new juvenile. thirty-page monthly, issued from 62 Cedar street, New York. The contents, including the fiction, poems and more instructive articles, are of excellent character, and the illustrations aumerous. The price is but 50 cents a year, and tempting inducements are offered to club-

The American Queen is the title of a new monthly society journal, issued by the First National Publishing Company, of Boston, It will give attention to fashion, art, music, etijuette and other social topics, each department being, as the prospectus announces, under the sare of "brilliant and competent writers."

Numbers 23 and 24 of the Century Company's "Battles and Leaders of the Civil War" have been issued. The papers in No. 23 bear mostly apon the Vicksburg campaign. Those in No. 24 include General Grant's paper on Chattanooga.

Overland Monthly for September contains an interesting account of the United States Solfiers' Home at Santa Monica, Cal. It is fully llustrated. A paper on orange culture will be of interest to horticulturists.

Cassell's "Family Magazine" bears a title which fits well the character of its contents. In addition to its purely literary matter each num-

ber contains a "Family Doctor Department," a fashion article, a chapter on cooking, another on the garden, all of the most practical nature. There is also a musical contribution and a scientific department. It is an excellent magazine.

A chapter on "The Practical Treatment of the Problem of the Country Church," by Rev. John Tunis, in the Audover Review for September, contains some practical suggestions and deserves to be widely read.

The first chapters of a new story, by Bret Harte, appear in the August number of Mac-

#### BASE BALL

Scores of the Games Played Yesterday by Clubs of the American Association.

ST. LOUIS, 4; CINCINNATI, 2. Sr. Louis, Sept. 16.-It was a grand battle for supremacy to-day between the Browns and Cincinnatis, and the champions defeated their hard-to-beat opponents for the third successive time on their superior all-round work. Fully 11,000 people were present, it being the first Sunday this season of the twenty-five-cent admission rate. Chamberlain pitched magnificently, and was perfectly supported. Only four clean hits were made off him, one being of the scratch order. The Cincinnatis played finely, and up to the seventh inning Viau had the champions at his mercy, but Milligan in that inning made a home-run drive to the left-field seats, and after Chamberlain was hit by a pitched ball and Latham went to first on balls, O'Neill drove both home on what would ordinarily have been a home-run hit to the left-field fence. Manager Schmelz, of Cincinnati, received a telegram this morning from the Athletics telling him to change the signs of his bat-tery, and Cincinnati would defeat the Browns.

quence seven times in Philadelphia with Doescher as umpira. Score: 0 Nicol, r... 1 0 McPhee, 2. 0 Latham, 3. 1 0 Robins'n,2 1 0 0 Reilly, 1.. 1 116 1 0 0 Corkhill, m 0 1 0 0 O'Neil, 1 ... 0 Comisk'y,10 1 14 0 Carp'ter, 3 0 1 2 4 0 Fennelly, s 0 0 1 4 0 Tebeau, L. 0 0 3 0 M'C'rty, r.. 0 0 Lyons, m.. 0 White, s.. 0 Milligan c. 1 2 5 O Baldwin c. . 0 1 Cham'n p. 1 0 0 7 0 Viau p.... 0 0 1 4 Totals.. 4 5 27 18 0 Totals.. 2 5 27 17 2

Manager Schmelz says Umpire Doescher gave

way the signs of his batteries to the Athletics, and they have defeated Cincinnati in conse-

Score by innings: Earned runs—St. Louis, 2; Cincinna i, 2. Two-base hit—O'Neal. Home run—Milligan. Stolen bases—Latham, Chamberlain. First base on balls—Latham, Robinson. Nicol (2). Hit by pitched ball—Chamberlain. Struck out—Robinson, Nicol, Carpenter, Fennelly (2), Tebeau, Viau.

BROOKLYN, 8; ATHLETICS, 0. NEW YORK, Sept. 16.-Over 7,000 people, in spite of the drizzling rain, saw the game at Ridgewood Park, Brooklyn, to-day, between the Brooklyn and Athletic clubs. The Brooklyn nine to-day released Holbert, their catcher.

Score:				
ATHLETICS.		BROOK	LYN.	
B B PO A	E	R	B PO	E
Weich, m-20 0 2 0	2	Pinckn'y,31	1 2 3	3 0
Stovey, m. 0 0 1 0		Foutz, r 0	0 4 (	0 0
Lyons, 3 0 0 1 1		O'Brien, 1. 0	1 2 (	0
Larkin, 1 0 012 0		Orr, 1 1	0 12 (	0
B'b'ur, 2-p 0 2 1 3		Peoples, s. 2	1 0 3	3 0
Gleason, s. 0 0 0 5	0	Clark, c 2	1 3 1	1 1
Towns'd, e 0 0 4 1	1	Terry, m 2	3 3 (	0
Weyh'g.p-10 0 2 6	2	Burdock, 20	0 1 1	1 1
Poorman,r 0 0 1 0	0	Hughes, p. 0	2 0 5	5 0
	-	-		
Totals 0 2 24 16	5	Totals 8	9 27 13	3 2
Score by innings:				
Athletics0	0	0000	0 0 0	0-0

Brooklyn...... 1 2 0 4 0 0 0 1 -8 Earned runs-Brooklyn, 2. Two-base hits-Terry, Bierbauer. Three-base hit-O'Brien. Home run-Clark. Stolen bases—Welch, Pinckney, Terry, Hughes. First base on balls—Welch, Pinckney. Hit by pitched ball—Orr, Peoples. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 3. Struck out—Lyons, Weyhing, O'Brien, Hughes (2).

LOUISVILLE, 6; KANSAS CITY, 4. KANSAS CITY, Sept. 16 .- The home team gave Hoffman worse support to-day than the score shows. Stratton was hit pretty hard, but the batting was not timely. Davis's third base play was a feature, and the Louisvilles tried Weaver. an outfielder from the Texas League, who did

KANSAS CITY.				LOUISVILLE.					
R	B	PO	A	E	R	B	PO		E
M'T'm'y,m 1	1	1	0	0	Mack, 2 0	0	1		0
Cline, 2 0 Ehret, l 0	2	2	3	1	Collins, 1 1	2	1	0	0
Ehret, l., 0	1	2	0	1	Wolf, r 0	0	0	0	0
Phillips, 1. 0							16	1	0
Davis, 3 1	1	1	6	0	Weaver, m 1	2	1	0	1
Hamilt'n, r 0 Don'hue, c 0 Esterday, s 1	1	2	0	1	Raym'd, 3. 0	0	2	1	1
Don'hue, c 0	1	3	1	0	Tomney, s. 1	2	2	4	0
Esterday, s 1	2	2	3	0	Stratton, p 1	2	1	6	0
H'ffman, p 1	0	1	6	1	Cross, c 0	0	3	1	1
Totals. 4	9	24	19	5	Totals 6	8	27	17	3

Kansas City...... 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 1-4 Louisville ...... 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 3 --Earned runs-Kausas City, 2; Louisville, 4. Two-base hits-Davis, Ehret, Donohue, Esterday, Stolen bases-McTammany, (2), Cline, Hamilton (2), Collins, Hecker, Weaver, Tomney. First base on balls-Kansas City, 3; Louisville, 2. Struck out-By Hoffman, 3; by Stratton, 2. Passed balls-Donohue, Cross. Wild pitch-Stratton. Time-1:30. Umpire-Ferguson.

Base-Ball Notes. Tug Arundel may support Whitney in to-day's

Baldwin, Fennelly and Corkhill will be sold by the Cincinnati club as the end of the season. Hutchinson, the Des Moines pitcher signed by Chicago, is said to be one of the most promising pitchers in the country. He received a big salary in Des Moines.

Indianapolis and Washington play again this afternoon at the ball park. Whitney and Boyle will probably be the pitchers. Healy has a sore hand and will not play for several days. Catcher Daily has about recovered from his injury. There is already a great deal of speculation as

to the outcome of the world championship series between New York and St. Louis. Writers. who have never seen the Association club play are quite confident New York will have an easy victory, and those who do not see League games are equally certain of the success of the St. Louis men. As a matter of fact, the teams are well matched, and the result is very uncertain.

A Genuine Faith Cure. CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Miss Pomeroy, thirty five years of age. became an inmate of the Ontario County Poor-house last winter. Early last spring she was stricken with paralysis. She had two shocks, and after the second her condition was absolutely hopeless. She gradually eack till Thursday evening, when everyone thought she was going to pass quickly away. She whispered to one of the attendants and requested that one of the women of the house come and hold prayer with her. One of the matrons went in and the two prayed for a short time, when suddenly the stricken woman screamed aloud and turned over. Her companion was frightened and went to an adjoining room for help. When she returned she was astonished to see the woman sitting up in bed. Miss Pomeroy was at first overcome by the sudden return of her faculties, but when she regained composure she got out of bed, dressed herself and walked about the room. The physicians have no explanation to offer for her mysterious recovery. The regular medical attendant at the poor-house had given her up and told the people there that they might ex-pect her death at any time. It is claimed that it is a genuine case of faith cure.

Killed by Tight Lacing. DETROIT, Sept. 15.-The craze for slender waists found a victim Saturday night in Miss Mary Crawford, a young lady living at Delray. On that night she was attending a dance, and was in the midst of the quadrille when she suddenly cried out and feil, but was caught by her partner, who carried her to a lounge, where she seemingly fainted. It was found impossible to resuscitate her, and a physician was summoned, who pronounced the young lady dead. An examination revealed the fact that she had died from tight lacing, the stays in her corset baving been drawn so tightly that her flesh lay in folds beneath so that the exertion of dancing caused the bursting of a blood vessel. Miss Crawford was to have been married to day, and her betrothed is completely prostrated.

Democratic Pet Names.

Mr. Dana's pet name for Mr. Brice is almost as expressive as Mr. Brice's appellation for Mr. Cieveland. "The Rainbow Chaser" is a fitting companion piece to "The Fat Sphinx" Mesers. Cleveland and Brice should now get their heads together and concoct an expressive cognomen for the editor of the Sun. The Democratic family

is an interesting if not a happy one. St. Louis Exposition and Veiled Prophets. The Bee-line will sell tickets to St. Louis and return every day at rate of \$3. Ask for tickets via the popular Bee-line and you will make no NEWS IN SUNDAY'S JOURNAL.

Resume of the Principal Home and Foreign Events Recorded in the Issue of Sept. 16.

Woodford Cannon was fatally shot at Lexing-Over a block was destroyed by fire at Spokane Zenas Maack was seriously injured by the

care near Middleport, O. Lafayette Carpenter was killed in a drunken row at Mt. Sterling, Ky. John Kisner committed suicide by hanging himself at Raymond City, W. Va. Miss Laura Watson, of Algona, Is., was struck by lightning. She will recover. Neither House of Congress was in session,

both having adjourned over until Monday. J. G. Parkhurst, of Michigan, will probably succeed Lambert Tree as minister to Brussels. J. C. Parish, living near Raleigh, N. C., is charged with outraging his own daughter, aged

Nat Goodwin has been sued for breach of promise by Lilla Farrell, the actress. Ste wants \$10,000 damages.

J. G. Ferris, a ranchman living near Hailey, Wy. T., shot and killed a neighbor named Rob-ert Bull, who had eloped with his wife. The business portion of Florence, Wis., was destroyed by fire, of incendiary origin. Loss \$75,000. Fifty-six buildings were burned. Jeremiah Sullivan, a laborer, was instantly killed by being kicked in the neck by Win

A man named Wise, formerly a prominent citizen of Wyoming Territory, was lynched for horse-stealing in the Turtle Mountains, A number of workmen employed in the Hoosac Tunnel were overcome by coal gas from

Wood, a Town of Lake (Chicago) employe.

a passing locomotive. It is thought that two of them will die. An explosion of a puddling furnace at the Keystone rolling-mill, Pittsburg, damaged the

mill \$10,000. One workman, named McMunn, was slightly injured. A disaster is reported on the Saginaw, Tuscola & Huron railroad, a train having been derailed by forest fires in northern Michigan. Nobody

was seriously injured. Peter Rodenhauer, of Quincy, Ill., barricaded bimse f in his house with a Winchester rifle and two shotguns at hand, and defied arrest for

violation of the fishing laws. He was finally arrested and jailed. John L. Sullivan will post \$1,000 on the 17th in the Clipper office, New York, as a forfeit for his fight with Jake Kilrain. The fight will be for \$2,500 to \$10,000 a side and the championship of the world.

Base-Ball-St. Louis 5, Cincinnati 3; Brooklya-4, Athletic 2; Kansas City 4, Louisville 2; Cleveland 6, Baltimore 5: Indianapolis 2, Washington 0; Pittsburg 1, New York 0; Philadelphia 4, Chicago 3; St. Paul 5, Chicago 2.

Local Events.

A defective switch threw from the track a car of a north-bound train on the Big Four railroad as it was leaving the depot early yesterday morning. Ed Pelton, of lows, was seriously hurt by having an artery of the leg cut. Thomas Lewis, Perry county, Ohio: B. B. Clark, Colfax, and Thomas Bonham, McComb, Ill., were also injured.

The Republican Irish-Americans of Chicago and those of this city held a meeting at Tomlinson Hall Saturday night at which there was an audience of 2,500. Several short speeches were made by the Chicago gentlemen, which led to continued outbursts of enthusiasm. Among the speakers were representatives of the organized labor elements, such as Richard Powers and A.

[From the Second Edition of the Sunday Journal.] Germany's Military Ruler. [Copyright, 1885, by the New York Associated Fress ]

BERLIN, Sept. 15. - Invested with as much of the pomp and circumstance of war as as can be associated with an experiment, the mimic campaign around Munchberg proceeds vigorously. The Kaiser's enthusiasm has infected the officers and men. All reports concur as to the admirable behavior of the troops, the display of masterly tactice by the generals, and the splendor of the campaign as a spectacle. The public is surfeited with these accounts, and the Kaiser playing at war has ceased to interest the people, yet the whole nation is gratified to see that his untiring physical energies are equal to his zeal. Any doubt arising from unfriendly rumors regarding the Emperor's health has been dispelled by his severe bodily exertion from early morning until night, and by the keen mental activity displayed by him. He is everywhere on the field at critical moments, and attends to the minutest details. The battle ended, he groups his officers around him and gives a critique on the day's maneuvers, leaving Prince Albert, the chief umpire of the maneuvers to give a nominal assent. Distinguished among the for-eign visitors are the Archduke Albrecht, of Austria and the Grand Duke Nicholas, of Russia. Archduke Albrecht has had an especially cordial reception from the Emperor and the German generals, partly on accout of his repute as the leader of the war party. Being desirous of divesting his presence at the meneuvers of a political aspect, Archduke Albrecht has caused the semi-official press to state that he repudiates all connection with politics, that he is neither a peace nor a war man, and that his only aim is to obey the orders of his commander. The army circle does not take this denial seriously. At the close of the day's work the Emperor dines with thirty guests. The press notes with lively satisfaction that the Emperor, coinciding with the general official effort to suppress the use of the French language, bas ordered that the menus be couched entirely in German. The word "Menu" of the change was at a dinner given by the general of the third army corps. The bill of fare comprised the following: "Zeander In Rhein-wein Gedampft; Bergunder Schinken mit Gemusen; Pasteten von Rebhuhnern mit Truffelo; Hummer nach Ostender Art; Pulardenbraten Salat; Mehlspeise von Aepfeln; Butter und Kase; Gefrorenes Nachtisch." It was not an epicurean banquet, but enough.

Francis Joseph's Rebuke of a Churchman. [Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Sept. 15 .- With the exception of the clerical press, all the German and Austrian newspapers praise Emperor Francis Joseph's public rebuke of Bishop Strossmeyer. The exact text of the bishop's message to the Kieff celebrants was as follows: "May Russia, sided by providence and Christian beroism, accomplish, besides her other tasks, that great misaion which the Almighty has intrusted to her." This is held to be an open invocation of the divine blessings upon Russia in her attempt to absorb the Austro-Slav peoples. It is reported that Count Kalnoky, in an interview with the papal nuncio, advised that Bishop Strossmeyer be deposed. Besides being a state official siming at the state's disruption, the Bishop is charged with mal-administration of the episcopal estates, which, since he was appointed have become burdened with a debt of 5,000,000 florins. Advices from St. Petersburg disclose considerable popular feeling in favor of Bishop Strossmeyer. The semiofficial press describe the action of Emperor Francis Joseph as a painful indication of the course of a policy calculated not only to wear out the patience of Russia towards Austria, but to augment the antagonism of the Slav and German elements to the empire of the Hamburgs.

Cleveland Defeats Baltimore.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 15.-Proesser, the young pitcher from Texas, made his first bow in an American Association championship game this afternoon. Baltimore only hit him for five bases, and their runs would have been few and far between had it not been for catcher McGuire, who was in bad form, and was therefore unable to catch the ball, or to throw it to second base when he did get a firm clutch on it.

CLEVELAND. BALTIMORE. B B PO A E

Str'k'r, 2... 0 1 5 1 1 Purcell, r. 1 0 1 0 0

Fatz, 1... 1 1 7 0 0 Griffin, m. 1 1 0 0 0

Gilks, 3... 1 2 1 5 0 Tucker, 1 0 1 11 1 0

H't'ling, m 0 1 4 0 0 Farrell, s. 0 1 3 2 1

Goodf w, l. 1 1 2 0 0 S'mm'rs, l. 0 0 2 1 0 Hogan, r... 2 1 0 0 0 Grenw'd, 2 2 0 3 3 0
Albert, s., 0 1 2 3 0 Shindle, 3.0 0 2 4 0
McGuire, c 0 1 6 1 1 Cantz, c... 1 1 5 2 0
Proesser, p 1 2 0 3 0 Kilroy, p... 0 1 0 4 0 Totals., 6 11 27 13 2 Totals. 5 5 27 17 1 Score by innings:

Farned runs—Cleveland. 4; Baltimore, 2. Two-base hits—Hogan, Goodfellow. Three-base hits—McGuire, Kilroy. Stolen bases—Griffin, Tucker, Farrell, Summers, Greenwood, (2), Kilroy. Double plays—Shindle, Greenwood and Tucker; Greenwood and Tucker. First base on balls—Summers (2), Kilroy (2), Greenwood, Stricker, Hotaling, Hogan, Albert. Hit by pitched ball—Purcell, Hogan. First base on errors—Baltimore, 1. Struck out—Kilroy, Proesser, McGuire, Hogan.

A Butting Duel. Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 15.—Daniel Cartwright, proprietor of the Grandy Block Hotel, and James Donohoe, a horse-trader, quarreled over a game of cards at the notel, last night, and were about to fight, when other horse traders in the room suggested that they engage in a nead-butting contest. They agreed and adjourned to the Street, separated about thirty feet and they whad at each other hand down like feet, and then rushed at each other, heads down, like

mad bulls. Their heads came together with a crack like a brick striking a bill board. That was what Officer Kane thought it was, and he concluded a fight was in progress, and came running upon the scene just as the men came together the second time. He arrested them and marched them to the police station. Both heads were bruised and bloody, and Cartwright experienced a slight fracture of the skull.

The President on Club Organizations. New York, Sept. 15.—Hon. Chauncey F. Black, president of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, to-day received the following letter from President Cleveland:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14, 1888. Hon. Channey F. Black, President, etc. My Dear Sir—The papers which you kindly sent for my perusal, touching the scope, method and purposes of the Association of Democratic Clubs, have strengthened my belief in the extreme importance of such organizations as have been thus associated. The struggle upon which we have entered is in behalf of the people—the plain people of the land—and they must be reached. We do not proceed upon the theory that they are to be led by others who may or may not be in sympathy with their interests. We have undertaken to teach the voters as free, independent citizens, intelligent enough to see their zens, intelligent enough to see their rights, interested enough to insist upon being treated justly, and patriotic enough to desire their country's welfare. Thus this campaign desire their country's welfare. Thus this campaign is one of information and organization. Every citizen should be regarded as a thoughtful, responsible voter, and he should be furnished the means of examining the issues involved in the pending canvass for himself. I am convinced that no agency is so effective to this end as the clubs which have been formed in all parts of the country and making their influence feit in every neighborhood. By a systematic effort they make the objects of the Democratic party understood by the fair and calm discussion of the Democratic position in this contest, and among those with whem their members daily come in contact; and by preventing a neglect of the duty of suffrage on election day, these clubs will become, in my opinion, the most important instrumentality yet devised for promoting the success of our party. moting the success of our party. Yours very truly, GROVER CLEVELAND.

Glass-Workers Will Speak for Protection. PITTSBURG, Sept. 15 .- The Pittsburg Dispatch will publish the following to-morrow: EXECUTIVE OFFICE WINDOW-GLASS WORKERS'

ASSEMBLY, No. 300 K. of L., No. 1505 Curson street, PITTSBURG, Sept. 15, 1888. Mr. M. S. Quay, Chairman of the Republican Na-tional Committee, 91 Fifth Avenue, New York City:

Dear Sir-The window-glass workers' organization have put three of their members in the field to speak for protection, namely: Patrick Clary, A.

M. Hammet, and James Campbell. As
the Republicans in Congress voted against the
Mills bill. and did all in their power to deleat and prevent its passage, and the Republican platform guarantees protection to American industries and American workmen, and the fight this fall is one for the main-tenance of the high standard the American workmen have attained under the system of protection which fore, the association has placed three men at the disposal of your committee on speakers. They will go anywhere you send them, and their organization will pay all of the expenses of the speakers, as the organization has decided to do all they can to defeat Cleveland and everyone who voted for the Mills bill, which, if it becomes a law, will force the members of the organiza-tion to work for a large reduction of wages. Yours respectfully, James L. Campbell, President.

G. L. CAKE, Secretary. This action was taken at a secret meeting of the Window Glass-workers' Association, held on Friday night, in response to a request of Chairman Quay, who offered to pay the expenses and a salary if President Campbell would place himself at the disposal of the national Republican committee.

Not a Free-Trader. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15 .- The following com-

munication has been received by Mr. James Whiteley, of this city: EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept, 13, 1888.

James Whiteley, esq.: Dear Sir-Your letter of the 8th inst. has just been presented to my attention, and it affords the first intimation I have had that in an article published in the North American Review I am charged with the declaration that I believe in "Free trade as I believe in the Protestant religion." In answer to your inquiry as to the truth of this allegation, I have to say that I never made use of that expression or one anything like it. The statment you quote is a pure, unadulterated falsification. While it would be in vain to attempt to crush out or refute every false statement coined or

forged to serve the purposes of misrepresentation in the heat of a political canvass, the friendly spirit of your inquiry has led me to make this emphatic denial. Yours very truly, GROVER CLEVELAND. The Coming Kalnoky-Bismarck Conference. [Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Sept. 15.—The Kalnoky-Bismarck conference opens on Monday. Count Kalnoky will leave Vienna to-morrow. He will be the guest of Prince Bismarck for several days. Count Herbert Bismarck arrived at Friedrichsruhe to-day. He will take part in the interviews between the Chancellor and Count Kalnoky. The conference is thought to be a new move on the part of Prince Bismarck to obtain Austrian support of a project to reconcile the Quirinal and the Vatican to assist him in the struggle with the German clericals, and to make memorable Emperor

William's visit to Rome. A "Terror" Shot and Killed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal Mr. CARMEL, Ill., Sept. 15 .- John N. Wogan was arrested, this evening, because of threats against the life of members of his family, and while in charge of constable Henry Ham, of Belmont, asked to go to his boarding house, and led the constable to an unirequented part of the town, and where he made a show of drawing a revolver, when Ham shot and in-stantly killed him. Wogan had been a terror to this community for some time, had twice been shot, and had figured conspicuously in the courts.

Von Bennigsen's Retirement. [Copyright, 1888, by the New York Associated Press.] BEBLIN, Sept. 15 .- Herr Von Benningsen's withdrawal from the Landtag, accompanied by his resignation from the Landtag, accompanied by his resig-nation from the directorate of the electoral commit-tee of the National Liberals, appears to be final. Upon being begged to reconsider, he replied that he still remained in the Reichstag ready to give his best support to the party. A congress of National Lib-erals will meet at Hanover, on Oct. 13, to re-form the electoral committee and choose a new leader.

Nat Goodwin to Be Sued for Breach of Promise.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Something of a sensation has been created in theatrical circles in this city by the announcement that Miss Leila Farrell, the actress, is about to begin suit against Nat Goodwin, a comedian, for the sum of \$10,000 for an alleged breach of promise. It is said that Mr. Goodwin was engaged to the young lady, but had been induced to break it by his father, who wished him to marry a wealthy society lady of Buffalo,

COMPARATIVE WAGES. Figures Compiled from Latest Returns Made by London Beard of Trade.

England. United States. \$6.00 \$15.00 to \$18.00

6.00 15.00 to 20.00

New York Press.

Bookbirders .....

Brushmakers....

Boilermakers....

Brickmakers.....

Bricklayers	8.00		21.0
Blacksmiths	6.00		13.0
Butchers	6.00		12.0
Bakers	6.25		12.7
Blast furnace keepers	10.00	100	18.0
Blast furnace fillers	7.50		14.0
Boltmakers	6.50		16.5
Bolt cutters	3.00		10.0
Coal miners Cotton-mill hands	5.88 4.60		6.7
	7.50		15.0
Coopers	6.00		13.9
Carriagemakers	6.75	13.00 to	25.0
Cutlery	6.00	12,00 to	20.0
Chemicals \$4 to	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	13.00 to	16.0
Clockmakers	7.00	10.00 00	18,0
Cabinetmakers	7.00		18.0
Farm hands	3.00	7.50 to	9.0
Glassblowers 6 to	9.00	25.00 to	30.0
Glass (partly skilled) 6 to	7.00	12.00 to	15.0
Glass (unskilled) 2 to	4.00	7.00 to	10.0
Glovemakers (girls)	2.00	6.00 to	9.0
Glovemakers (men)	4.50	10.00 to	30.6
Hatters	6.00	12.00 to	24.0
Heaters and rollers 10 to		20.00 to	30.0
Iron ore miners	5.50		12.0
Iron moulders	7.50	-325.50	15.0
Iron per ton (finished). 2 to	3.00	5.31 to	8.7
Instrument makers	7.00	18.00 to	20.0
Laborers	4.10	100	8.0
'Longshoremen	8.00		15.0
Linen thread (men)	5.00		7.5
Linen thread (women) .	2.35		5.
Machinists	8.00		18.0
Printers (1,000 ems)	20		21.
Printers, week hands	6.65		13.4
Patternmakers	7.50		18.0
Painters	7.50		15.0
Plumbers.	8.00		18.0
Plasterers	7.50		21.0
Potters	8.67		18.5
Polishers	7.00		18.0
Papermakers	5.20	12.00 to	24.0
Puddiers, per week 8 to	10.00	18.00 to	20.0
Quarrymen	6.00	12.00 to	15.0
Ropemakers	5.25	9.00 to	12.0
Railway engineers	10.00	or other dist	21.0
Railway firemen	5.00		12.0
Shipbuilding:	Santa D		. 50
Boilermakers	7.00		14.0
Machinists	7.00		14.
Coppersmiths	6.50		16.
Platers	8.00		18.
Drillers	6.00		12.0
Riveters	8.00		17.4
Riggers	5.50		211.0
Patternmakers	8.00	9.00 40	10.
Saltmakers	6.00	9.00 to	
Silk (men)	5.00 2.50		10.0
Silk (women)1.50 to		6.00 to	9.0
Servants (month)	5.00	0.00 20	15.0
Shoemakers	6.00	315.30	12.0
Stationary engineers	7.50	15.00 to	18.0
Soapmakers	5.00	7000	10.

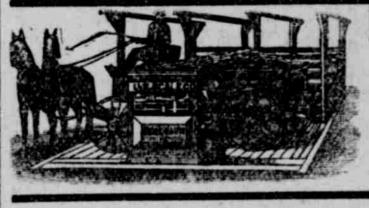
Land plaster is slightly soluble in water, and and therefore gives immediate results on the crops that feed largely on lime, such as clover, beans, peas and other legumes. About 100 pounds of plaster per acre on young clover is sufficient, and if used in connection with wood ashes it is one of the cheapest fertilizers known for grass crops.

# Death in the Oven.

There is a question that the stunted growth of children and a large class of ultimately fatal diseases as dyspepsia, scrofula, kidney disease, nervous derangement, etc., are traceable to a lack of legislative interference for suppressing the sale of adulterated Baking Powders and Flavoring Extracts.

We believe that every consumer should be informed of the fact of there having been found one brand of baking powder that is free from ammonia, lime, alum or any disreputable drug taint, and one brand of Flavoring Extracts that is free from poisonous oils, which is pure, delicious and wholesome, and those are Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and Delicious Flavoring Extracts.





We are making all sizes of Railroad Track, Wagon, Hopper, Dermant, Depot and Miners' Scales on greatly simplified and improved designs, and supplanting all other makes wherever introduced. We have had fourteen years' experience in the business, and will guarantee satisfactory work, or no pay. Send for circulars, references and prices before buying. UNITED STATES SCALE CO., Terra Haute, Ind. (Incorporated capital, \$50,000.)
Second-hand Railroad Track, Wagon and other scales. Fairbanks, Howe and other makes on hand and for sale cheap

#### KNIGHT&JILLSON 75 and 77 South Pennsylvania Street.

## NATURAL GAS LINE PIPE, DRIVE PIPE, TUBING, CASING, BOILER TUBES, of the manufacture of the Wecarry in stock all sizes, operate four pipe machines, and cut and thread any size, from le inch to 12 nehes in diameter. FULL LINE DRILLERS' SUPPLIES. Our stock covers the whole range of GAS, STEAM and WATER goods, and our establishment is the acknowledged headquarters.

### NATURAL GAS SUPPLIES.

Tubing, Casing and Pipe, Cordage, Rig Irons, Drilling Tools, Brass Goods, Malleable, Galvanized and Cast-Iron Fittings. Complete line of House-Fittings for Natural Gas.

GEORGE A. RICHARDS, 77 South Illinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind. TELEPHONE 364.

THE SWEETEST AND MOST NUTRITIOUS.

### GAS STOVES DO NOT BE DECEIVED

The Indianapolis Natural-gas Company expects to UNDERSELL ALL COMPETITORS in the gas business. We make all contracts for domestic, store or office use at 30 per cent. off. We will add to these contracts a clause AGREEING AT THEIR TERMINATION TO CONTINUE TO SUPPLY GAS AS LOW OR LOWER THAN ANY COMPETITOR WILL THEN SUP. PLY YOU. Also, when the time comes, as it surely will, when it will be hard work to get a gas supply from any company, we shall give the pref-

erance to our early patrons. The inducement that is being held out by others that they will next year or some other time supply you at half price is MISLEADING and a SUBTERFUGE. Buy only of the company that SELLS CHEAP

to do. This gives you a certain advantage. INDIANAPOLIS NATURAL - GAS COMPANY

68 East Market Street.

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State.

NOW, and agrees in the contract to continue so

FROM ONE-EIGHTH HORSE-POWER UP. We sell to gas consumers in this

from \$2 to \$16.

city only. On exhibition and for sale at the

They Give Perfect Satisfaction.

No kindling required; no coal to

carry; no ashes to remove. Prices

GAS ENGINES

Nearly 2,000 in use in this city.

GAS COMPANY No. 47 S. Pennsylvania St.

[OFFICIAL.]

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE

On the 30th Day of June, 1888.

Located at No. 21 Courtlandt Street, New York. The amount of its capital is.... The amount of its capital paid up is..... THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Cash on hand and in the hands of agents or other persons..... Real estate unincumbered.

Bonds owned by the company, bearing interest at the rate of — per cents, as per schedule 826,000.00 mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance.

Debts otherwise secured, loans on company's policies, \$220,919.43; b onds, \$600...... 323,626.08 138,731.18 Total assets..... \$9,124,296,88 LIABILITIES: Losses adjusted and due, including endowments, \$2,881.50; \$1,513.70..... \$4,895.20 Losses adjusted and not due..... Total liabilities...... \$7,791,580.90 The greatest amount in any one risk, \$30,000.

as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office.

[SEAL.] In testimony whereof I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 21st day of BRUCE CARR, Auditor of State. [OFFICIAL.] COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 30th day of June, 1888,

## METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO

On the 30th Day of June, 1888. Located at 30 to 36 Park Place, New York City.

The amount of its capital is..... The amount of its capital paid up is..... THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Cash on hand and in the hands of agents or other persons..... 327,328.75 38,750.00 Peckskill City bonds, 7 per cent.

Delaware & Hudson Canal Company first mortgage bonds, 7 per cent.

Railroad first mortgage bonds, 4<sup>1</sup>2, 5, 6 and 7 per cent.

Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance.

Debts otherwise secured. 18,400,00 1,357,610.00 2,321,800,00 103,500.00 Debts for premiums..... 130,724.00 181,076.80 All other securities..... Total assets..... \$4,907,024.24 LIABILITIES. Amount owing and not due to banks or other creditors,..... Losses adjusted and due.

Losses unadjusted.

Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof. [\$19,624.98 All other claims against the company..... 

The greatest amount in any one risk, \$20,000. State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State. I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 30th day of June, 1888, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office.

[SEAL.] In testimony whereof I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 1st day of August, 1888.

BRUCE CARR, Auditor of State.